# abrdn



# Target Market Determination

abrdn Global Corporate Bond Fund (Class A)

This document is issued by Melbourne Securities Corporation Limited ACN 160 326 545 AFSL No. 428289 (MSC Trustees).

## Legal disclaimer

This Target Market Determination (**TMD**) is required under section 994B of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) (**the Act**). This TMD describes the class of consumers that comprises the target market for the financial product and matters relevant to the product's distribution and review (specifically, distribution conditions, review triggers and periods, and reporting requirements). Distributors must take reasonable steps that will, or are reasonably likely to, result in distribution of the product being consistent with the most recent TMD (unless the distribution is excluded conduct).

This document is **not** a product disclosure statement and is **not** a summary of the product features or terms of the product. This document does not take into account any person's individual objectives, financial situation or needs. Persons interested in acquiring this product should carefully read the Product Disclosure Statement (**PDS**) for **abrdn Global Corporate Bond Fund** before making a decision whether to buy this product.

Important terms used in this TMD are defined in the TMD Definitions which supplement this document. Capitalised terms have the meaning given to them in the product's PDS, unless otherwise defined. The PDS can be obtained at www.abrdn.com/au

## Target Market Summary

This product is intended for use as a core, minor or satellite allocation for a consumer who is seeking income and has a medium risk and return profile for that portion of their investment portfolio. It is likely to be consistent with the financial situation and needs of a consumer with a 5 year investment timeframe and who is unlikely to need to access their capital on less than one week's notice.

#### Fund and Issuer identifiers

Issuer	Melbourne Securities Corporation Limited
Issuer ACN	160 326 545
Issuer AFSL	428289
Fund manager	abrdn Oceania Pty Ltd ('abrdn')
TMD contact details	clientservice@sghiscock.com.au
Fund name	abrdn Global Corporate Bond Fund
ARSN	125 896 184
APIR Code	ETL0132AU(Class A)
ISIN Code	AU60ETL01327
TMD issue date	17 October 2024
TMD Version	6.0
Distribution Status	Available

## **Description of Target Market**

This part is required under section 994B(5)(b) of the Act.

## TMD indicator key

The Consumer Attributes for which the product is likely to be appropriate have been assessed using a red and /green rating methodology with appropriate colour coding:

In target market Not considered in target market

#### Instructions

In the tables below, Column 1, Consumer Attributes, indicates a description of the likely objectives, financial situation and needs of the class of consumers that are considering this product. Column 2, TMD indicator, indicates whether a consumer meeting the attribute in column 1 is likely to be in the target market for this product.

#### **Appropriateness**

Note: This section is required under RG 274.64-66.

The Issuer has assessed the product and formed the view that the product, including its key attributes, is likely to be consistent with the likely objectives, financial situation and needs of consumers in the target market as described above, as the features of this product in Column 3 of the table above are likely to be suitable for consumers with the attributes identified with a green TMD Indicator in Column 2.

#### Investment products and diversification

A consumer (or class of consumer) may intend to hold a product as part of a diversified portfolio (for example, with an intended product use of *minor allocation*). In such circumstances, the product should be assessed against the consumer's attributes for the relevant portion of the portfolio, rather than the consumer's portfolio as a whole. For example, a consumer may seek to construct a balanced or moderate diversified portfolio with a minor allocation to growth assets. In this case, a product with a *High* risk/return profile may be consistent with the consumer's objectives for that *minor allocation* notwithstanding that the risk/return profile of the consumer as a whole is *Medium*. In making this assessment, distributors should consider all features of a product (including its key attributes).

The FSC has provided more detailed guidance on how to take this portfolio view for diversification, available on the FSC website

Consumer Attributes [A description of the likely objectives, financial situation and needs of the class of consumers in the target market]	TMD Indicator	Product description including key attributes  [A description of the product, including its key attributes, i.e., product terms, features and attributes that affect the TMD]
Consumer's investment objective		
Capital Growth  Capital Preservation	Not considered in target market Not considered in target market	The Fund is actively managed and may invest in a wide range of bonds (e.g. corporate bonds including high yield bonds, government backed securities, overseas bonds, index-linked bonds, floating rate notes ('FRNs') and asset backed securities ('ABSs') and/or money market instruments) in order to take advantage
Income Distribution	In target market	of opportunities identified.
Consumer's intended product use (% of Investable Assets)		
Solution/Standalone (up to100%)	Not considered in target market	Mainly direct and indirect investors seeking long term income and capital growth through investment in international fixed interest markets.
Major allocation (up to 75%)	Not considered in	<u> </u>

	target market
Core Component (up to 50%)	In target market
Minor allocation (up to 25%)	In target market
Satellite/small allocation (up to 10%)	In target market
Consumer's investment timeframe	
Minimum investment timeframe	5 years
Consumer's Risk (ability to bear loss)	and Return profile

Low	Not considered in	4 - Medium
	target market	
Medium	In target market	
High	Not considered in	
	target market	
Very High	Not considered in	
,	target market	
Extremely High	Not considered in	
,	target market	
Consumer's need to to access capit	al	
Within one week of request	In target market	Under normal circumstances, withdrawal requests may be made on any Business
Within one month of request	In target market	Day and requests received after 2pm on any Business Day will generally be
Within three months of request	In target market	processed on the following Business Day.
Within 5 years of request	In target market	
Within 10 years of request	In target market	
At issuer discretion	In target market	

#### **Distributions**

This part is required under section 994B(5)(c) of the Act.

SG Hiscock & Company Limited ('SGH', ABN 51 097 263 628 AFSL 240679) has been appointed as wholesale distribution partner and promoter f the Fund. This fund has a relatively broad target market, being design for client investing through platforms and directly, both advised and non-advised.

Target market investors are likely to have a minimum investment time frame of 5 years or more and a medium risk tolerance and (noting the Fund targets paying distributions quarterly) target investors are also likely to have a moderate need for regular income.

It is considered most likely to be as a core, minor or satellite allocation in a target investor's portfolio, holding potentially a significant allocation, for example up to 50% by value. Still, it is unlikely however that the Fund would sensibly make up the majority of an investor's portfolio

In considering sources of invested money's, and these and other Fund design features, it is considered that investors are generally more likely

to be part of the target market known to be:

**W**Wholesale

☑Professionally advised,

☑A platform, or

 $\ensuremath{\mathcal{D}}$  An existing investor with abrdn products

Given however these and other Fund design features, that an investor does not satisfy any of these does not mean they are outside the target market.

#### Distribution conditions/restrictions:

Distribution channel	Distribution conditions and rationale
Adviser	A retail investor, being recommended the product under personal
	financial produce advice by an authorised financial advice provider
Platform/wrap	Applies for the product through distribution/referral channels of a
	type approved by the issuer, which includes the Fund Manager's
	website, and platforms on which the Fund is listed and has confirmed
	they consider themselves within the target market.
Direct	Retail and wholesale investors can obtain the PDS and TMD and apply
	to invest directly. Any consumers applying via this method must
	actively seek out this specific product by navigating the website and
	obtaining the PDS, TMD and relevant application forms.

Dwhere the issuer, the fund manager or distributor are aware that there is a reasonable risk that an applicant does not meet the target market requirements, appropriate enquiries are made, noting applications can be refused at the issuer's direction, or Dwhere distribution arrangements are in place, the restrictions imposed by, and level of supervision required under, the terms of the distribution agreements are monitored and enforced.

# **Review triggers**

This part is required under section 994B(5)(d) of the Act.

Material change to key attributes, fund investment objective and/or fees.

Material deviation from benchmark / objective over sustained period.

Key attributes have not performed as disclosed by a material degree and for a material period.

Determination by the issuer of an ASIC reportable Significant Dealing.

Material or unexpectedly high number of complaints (as defined in section 994A(1) of the Act) about the product or distribution of the product.

The use of Product Intervention Powers, regulator orders or directions that affects the product.

Mandatory review periods	
This part is required under se	ection 994B(5)(e) and (f) of the Act.
Review period	Maximum period for review
	Note RG 274.110 Reasonable review periods are likely to be shorter when a product is complex and higher risk, or when an issuer has limited experience issuing similar products or is yet to establish a proven distribution network.
Initial review	1 year and 3 months
Subsequent review	3 years and 3 months

Distributor reporting requirements		
This part is required under section 994B(5)(g) and (h) of the Act.		
Reporting requirement	Reporting period	Which distributors this requirement applies to
Complaints (as defined in section 994A(1) of the Act) relating to the product design, product availability and distribution. The distributor should provide all the content of the complaint, having regard to privacy.	Within 10 business days following end of calendar quarter.	All distributors
Significant dealing outside of target market, under s994F(6) of the Act. See Definitions for further detail.	As soon as practicable but no later than 10 business days after distributor becomes aware of the significant dealing.	All distributors

To the extent a distributor is aware, dealings outside the	Within 10 business days following end of calendar	All distributors
target market, including reason why acquisition is outside	quarter.	
of target market, and whether acquisition occurred		
under personal advice.		

If practicable, distributors should adopt the FSC data standards for reports to the issuer. Distributors must report to Melbourne Securities Corporation Limited via the following email: clientservice@sghiscock.com.au

# Disclaimer

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# Definitions.

In some instances, examples have been provided below. These examples are indicative only and not exhaustive.

Term	Definition
Consumer's investment objective	

Term	Definition
Capital Growth	The consumer seeks to invest in a product designed or expected to generate capital return over the investment timeframe. The consumer prefers exposure to growth assets (such as shares or property) or otherwise seeks an investment return above the current inflation rate.
Capital Preservation	The consumer seeks to invest in a product designed or expected to have low volatility and minimise capital loss. The consumer prefers exposure to defensive assets that are generally lower in risk and less volatile than growth investments (this may include cash or fixed income securities).
Income Distribution	The consumer seeks to invest in a product designed or expected to distribute regular and/or taxeffective income. The consumer prefers exposure to income-generating assets (this may include high dividend-yielding equities, fixed income securities and money market instruments).
Consumer's intended product use (% of Inve	estable Assets)
Solution/Standalone (up to 100%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 100% of their total <i>investable</i> assets.  The consumer is likely to seek a product with <i>very high</i> portfolio diversification.
Major allocation (up to 75%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 75% of their total <i>investable</i> assets.  The consumer is likely to seek a product with at least <i>high</i> portfolio diversification.
Core Component (up to 50%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 50% of their total <i>investable</i> assets.  The consumer is likely to seek a product with at least medium portfolio diversification.
Minor allocation (up to 25%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 25% of their total <i>investable</i> assets.  The consumer is likely to seek a product with at least <i>low</i> portfolio diversification.
Satellite allocation (up to 10%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 10% of the total <i>investable</i> assets.  The consumer may seek a product with <i>very low</i> portfolio diversification.  Products classified as <i>extremely high</i> risk are likely to meet this category only.
Investable Assets	Those assets that the investor has available for investment, excluding the residential home.
	key product attribute section of consumer's intended product use)
Note: exposures to cash and cash-like in:	struments may sit outside the diversification framework below.
Very low	The product provides exposure to a single asset (for example, a commercial property) or a niche asset class (for example, minor commodities, crypto-assets or collectibles).
Low	The product provides exposure to a small number of holdings (for example, fewer than 25 securities) or a narrow asset class, sector or geographic market (for example, a single major commodity (e.g. gold) or equities from a single emerging market economy).

xample, up to 50 securities) in at Australian fixed income securities		
ole, over 50 securities) in multiple equities).		
road range of asset classes,		
Consumer's intended investment timeframe		
is is the rolling period over which		
lr Ic		

#### Consumer's Risk (ability to bear loss) and Return profile

This TMD uses the Standard Risk Measure (*SRM*) to estimate the likely number of negative annual returns for this product over a 20 year period, using the guidance and methodology outlined in the *Standard Risk Measure Guidance Paper For Trustees* (note the bands in the SRM guidance differ from the bands used in this TMD). However, SRM is not a complete assessment of risk and potential loss. For example, it does not detail important issues such as the potential size of a negative return (including under conditions of market stress) or that a positive return could still be less than a consumer requires to meet their investment objectives/needs. The SRM methodology may be supplemented by other risk factors. For example, some products may use leverage, derivatives or short selling; may have liquidity or withdrawal limitations; may have underlying investments with valuation risks or risks of capital loss; or otherwise may have a complex structure or increased investment risks, which should be documented together with the SRM to substantiate the product risk rating.

A consumer's desired product return profile would generally take into account the impact of fees, costs and taxes.

A consumer 3 desired producti	etain profile would generally take into account the impact of fees, costs and taxes.
Low	<ul> <li>For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer:</li> <li>has a conservative or low risk appetite,</li> <li>seeks to minimise volatility and potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear up to 1 negative return over a 20 year period (SRM 1 to 2)), and</li> <li>is comfortable with a low target return profile.</li> </ul>
	The consumer typically prefers stable, defensive assets (such as cash).
Medium	<ul> <li>For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer:</li> <li>has a moderate or medium risk appetite,</li> <li>seeks low volatility and potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear up to 4 negative returns over a 20 year period (SRM 3 to 5)), and</li> <li>is comfortable with a moderate target return profile.</li> </ul>
	The consumer typically prefers defensive assets (for example, fixed income).

Term	Definition
High	For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer: <ul> <li>has a high risk appetite,</li> <li>can accept high volatility and potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear up to 6 negative returns over a 20 year period (SRM 5 or 6)), and</li> <li>seeks high returns (typically over a medium or long timeframe).</li> </ul>
	The consumer typically prefers growth assets (for example, shares and property).
Very high	<ul> <li>For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer:</li> <li>has a very high risk appetite,</li> <li>can accept very high volatility and potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear 6 to 7 negative returns over a 20 year period (SRM 6 or 7)), and</li> <li>seeks to maximise returns (typically over a medium or long timeframe).</li> </ul>
	The consumer typically prefers high growth assets (such as high conviction portfolios, hedge funds, and alternative investments).
Extremely high	For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer:  • has an extremely high risk appetite,  • can accept significant volatility and losses, and  • seeks to obtain accelerated returns (potentially in a short timeframe).
	The consumer seeks extremely high risk, speculative or complex products which may have features such as significant use of derivatives, leverage or short positions or may be in emerging or niche asset classes (for example, crypto-assets or collectibles).

#### Consumer's need to access capital

This consumer attribute addresses the likely period of time between the making of a request for redemption/withdrawal (or access to investment proceeds more generally) and the receipt of proceeds from this request under ordinary circumstances. Issuers should consider both the frequency for accepting the request and the length of time to accept, process and distribute the proceeds of such a request. To the extent that the liquidity of the underlying investments or possible liquidity constraints (e.g. ability to stagger or delay redemptions) could impact this, this is to be taken into consideration in aligning the product to the consumer's need to access capital. Where a product is held on investment platforms, distributors also need to factor in the length of time platforms take to process requests for redemption for underlying investments. Where access to investment proceeds from the product is likely to occur through a secondary market, the liquidity of the market for the product should be considered.

Term	Definition
Distributor Reporting	
Significant dealings	Section 994F(6) of the Act requires distributors to notify the issuer if they become aware of a significant dealing in the product that is not consistent with the TMD. Neither the Act nor ASIC defines when a dealing is 'significant' and distributors have discretion to apply its ordinary meaning.
	The issuer will rely on notifications of significant dealings to monitor and review the product, this TMD, and its distribution strategy, and to meet its own obligation to report significant dealings to ASIC.
	Dealings outside this TMD may be significant because:
	they represent a material proportion of the overall distribution conduct carried out by the distributor in relation to the product, or
	<ul> <li>they constitute an individual transaction which has resulted in, or will or is likely to result in, significant detriment to the consumer (or class of consumer).</li> </ul>
	In each case, the distributor should have regard to:
	<ul> <li>the nature and risk profile of the product (which may be indicated by the product's risk rating or access to capital timeframes),</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>the actual or potential harm to a consumer (which may be indicated by the value of the consumer's investment, their intended product use or their ability to bear loss), and</li> <li>the nature and extent of the inconsistency of distribution with the TMD (which may be indicated by the number of red and/or amber ratings attributed to the consumer).</li> </ul>
	Objectively, a distributor may consider a dealing (or group of dealings) outside the TMD to be significant if:
	<ul> <li>it constitutes more than half of the distributor's total retail product distribution conduct in relation to the product over the quarter,</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>the consumer's intended product use is solution/standalone,</li> <li>the consumer's intended product use is core component or higher and the consumer's risk/return profile is low, or</li> </ul>
	the relevant product has a green rating for consumers seeking extremely high risk/return.